

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A disk array apparatus comprising:
 - a host adapter for transferring data between a host system and the disk array apparatus;
 - a cache memory for storing data written from the host adapter;
 - a storage device adapter for executing control to write data to the cache memory or to read data from the cache memory;
 - a control memory to which control information is to be written by the host adapter and the storage device adapter;
 - a plurality of kinds of storage devices to which data are to be written on the basis of control by the storage device adapter; and
 - a data movement control part provided in the storage device adapter,

the host adapter creating a plurality of logical devices on the basis of storage areas of the plurality of kinds of storage devices, and executing control to cause the plurality of logical devices to be objects to be accessed from the host system, said plurality of logical devices including first and second logical devices,

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

the data movement control part executing control, when the host adapter receives an access control command to specify ~~an access operation to a set/change an access attribute of the first logical device included in the plurality of logical devices, to move data associated with from the first logical device to the second logical device among a plurality of storage devices that are different in reliability from one another and are included in the plurality of kinds of storage devices, according to the content of the specified access operation,~~

wherein the plural kinds of storage devices differ from each other in reliability,

wherein the first logical device includes storage areas of a first one of said plural kinds of storage devices, and the second logical device includes storage areas of a second one of said plural kinds of storage devices that has a different reliability than that of said first one of said plural storage devices,

wherein the access attribute set/changed for the first logical device is one of an enable attribute and a disable attribute by which the first logical device is respectively enabled or disabled for an access, and

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

wherein the data movement control part executes control
to move data from the first logical device to the second
logical device in response to the setting/changing of the
access attribute of the first logical device according to the
access control command, so as to move the data to storage
areas of different reliability.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Currently amended) A disk array apparatus according to claim [[2]] 1, wherein the plurality of kinds of storage devices include a first storage device having a first attribute and a second storage device having a second attribute.

4. (Currently amended) A disk array apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the data movement control part moves data stored in the first ~~storage~~ logical device to the second ~~storage~~ logical device when ~~an access operation relative to~~ ~~the data is limited~~ the attribute of the first logical device is set/changed to the disable attribute by [[an]] the access control command.

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

5. (Currently amended) A disk array apparatus according to claim 4, wherein the data movement control part moves the data stored in the second storage logical device to the first storage logical device when limitation of the access operation relative to the data is released the disable attribute of the first logical device changed to the enable attribute by the access control command.

6. (Currently amended) A disk array apparatus according to claim 5, wherein when an access operation relative to the data stored in the first storage logical device is limited by an access control command setting/changing the attribute of the first logical device to the disable attribute, the data movement control part moves the data to the second storage logical device after a preset predetermined time has elapsed.

7. (Currently amended) A disk array apparatus according to claim 5, comprising:

a host adapter for transferring data between a host system and the disk array apparatus;

a cache memory for storing data written from the host adapter;

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

a storage device adapter for executing control to write data to the cache memory or to read data from the cache memory;

a control memory to which control information is to be written by the host adapter and the storage device adapter;

a plurality of kinds of storage devices to which data are to be written on the basis of control by the storage device adapter;

a data movement control part provided in the storage device adapter,

the host adapter creating a plurality of logical devices on the basis of storage areas of the plurality of kinds of storage devices and executing control to cause the plurality of logical devices to be objects to be accessed from the host system,

the data movement control part executing control, when the host adapter receives an access control command to specify an access operation to a first logical device included in the plurality of logical devices, to move data associated with the first logical device among a plurality of storage devices that are different in reliability from one another and are included in the plurality of kinds of storage devices, according to the content of the specified access operation,

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

wherein the access control command has a data manipulation preventing function,

wherein the plurality of kinds of storage devices include a first storage device having a first attribute and a second storage device having a second attribute,

wherein the data movement control part moves data stored in the first storage device to the second storage device when an access operation relative to the data is limited by an access control command,

wherein the data movement control part moves the data stored in the second storage device to the first storage device when limitation of the access operation relative to the data is released by the access control command,

wherein the access control command includes a first access control command which applies a relatively larger limitation to the access operation and a second access control command which applies a relatively smaller limitation to the access operation,

the data movement control part:

(1) moves the data stored in the first storage device to the second storage device when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the first access control command, and

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

(2) moves the data stored in the first storage device to the second storage device after a preset predetermined time has elapsed, when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the second access control command.

8. (Currently amended) A disk array apparatus according to claim 5, comprising:

a host adapter for transferring data between a host system and the disk array apparatus;

a cache memory for storing data written from the host adapter;

a storage device adapter for executing control to write data to the cache memory or to read data from the cache memory;

a control memory to which control information is to be written by the host adapter and the storage device adapter;

a plurality of kinds of storage devices to which data are to be written on the basis of control by the storage device adapter;

a data movement control part provided in the storage device adapter,

the host adapter creating a plurality of logical devices on the basis of storage areas of the plurality of kinds of

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

storage devices and executing control to cause the plurality of logical devices to be objects to be accessed from the host system,

the data movement control part executing control, when the host adapter receives an access control command to specify an access operation to a first logical device included in the plurality of logical devices, to move data associated with the first logical device among a plurality of storage devices that are different in reliability from one another and are included in the plurality of kinds of storage devices, according to the content of the specified access operation,

wherein the access control command has a data manipulation preventing function,

wherein the plurality of kinds of storage devices include a first storage device having a first attribute and a second storage device having a second attribute,

wherein the data movement control part moves data stored in the first storage device to the second storage device when an access operation relative to the data is limited by an access control command,

wherein the data movement control part moves the data stored in the second storage device to the first storage

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

device when limitation of the access operation relative to the data is released by the access control command,

wherein the access control command includes a first access control command which applies a relatively larger limitation to the access operation and a second access control command which applies a relatively smaller limitation to the access operation,

the second storage device including an upper-side second storage device and a lower-side second storage device, the data movement control part:

(1) moves the data stored in the first storage device to the lower-side second storage device when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the first access control command, and

(2) when the access operation relative to the data stored in the first storage device is limited by the second access control command, moves the data to the upper-side second storage device, and after a preset predetermined time has elapsed, moves the data back to the lower-side second storage device.

9. (Original) A disk array apparatus according to claim 5, wherein a management table which temporarily manages a

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

limitation content of the access operation when the host adapter receives the access control command is constructed in the control memory, the data movement control part controlling movement of the data by referring to the management table.

10. (Original) A disk array apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the access control command controls the access operation in units of logical devices created on the basis of storage areas of the plurality of kinds of storage devices, the data movement control part moving data in units of the logical devices.

11. (Original) A disk array apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the access control command includes at least one of a write inhibit command and a write and read inhibit command.

12. (Currently amended) A disk array apparatus according to claim 7-~~or~~-8,

wherein the first access control command is a write and read inhibit command, while the second control command is a write inhibit command.

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

13. (Previously presented) A disk array apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the first storage device is a storage device having a relatively higher performance, while the second storage device is a storage device having a relatively lower performance.

14. (Original) A disk array apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the first storage device is an internal storage device existing inside the disk array apparatus, while the second storage device is an external storage device existing outside the disk array apparatus.

15. (Previously presented) A disk array apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the first storage device is a storage device having a relatively higher performance, the upper-side second storage device is a storage device having a relatively medium performance, and the lower-side second storage device is a storage device having a relatively lower performance.

16. (Currently amended) A control method for a disk array apparatus including a host adapter for transferring data between a host system and the disk array apparatus, a cache

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

memory for storing data written from the host adapter, a storage device adapter for executing control to write data to the cache memory or to read data from the cache memory, a control memory to which control information is to be written by the host adapter and the storage device adapter, a first storage device and a second storage device to which data are to be written on the basis of control by the storage device adapter and which have different attributes, respectively, the host adapter creating a plurality of logical devices on the basis of storage areas of the first and second storage devices and executing control to cause the plurality of logical devices to be objects to be accessed from the host system, said plurality of logical devices including first and second logical devices, the control method comprising:

a reception decision step of determining whether an access control command ~~indicative of an access operation to a setting/changing an access attribute of the first logical device included in the plurality of logical devices~~ has been received from the host system;

a moving step of, when in response to determining that the received access control command sets/changes the access operation to data associated with attribute for the first logical device is limited by the access control command to a

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

disable attribute by which the first logical device is disabled for an access, moving the data from the first storage logical device to the second storage logical device; and a restoring step of restoring the data moved to the second storage logical device to the first storage logical device, when limitation of the access operation is released in response to determining that the received access control command changes the disable attribute of the first logical device to the enable attribute by which the first logical device is enabled for an access by the access control command.

17. (Currently amended) A control method for the disk array apparatus according to claim 16, wherein the moving step moves the data stored in the first storage device from the first storage logical device to the second storage logical device after a preset predetermined time has elapsed, when the access operation relative to the data is limited attribute is set/changed to the disable attribute by the access control command.

18. (Currently amended) A control method for [[the]] a disk array apparatus according to claim 16, including a host adapter for transferring data between a host system and the

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

disk array apparatus, a cache memory for storing data written from the host adapter, a storage device adapter for executing control to write data to the cache memory or to read data from the cache memory, a control memory to which control information is to be written by the host adapter and the storage device adapter, a first storage device and a second storage device to which data are to be written on the basis of control by the storage device adapter and which have different attributes, respectively, the host adapter creating a plurality of logical devices on the basis of storage areas of the first and second storage devices and executing control to cause the plurality of logical devices to be objects to be accessed from the host system, the control method comprising:

a reception decision step of determining whether an access control command indicative of an access operation to a first logical device included in the plurality of logical devices has been received from the host system;

a moving step of, when the access operation to data associated with the first logical device is limited by the access control command, moving the data from the first storage device to the second storage device; and

a restoring step of restoring the data moved to the second storage device to the first storage device when

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

limitation of the access operation is released by the access control command,

wherein the access control command includes a first access control command which applies a relatively larger limitation to the access operation and a second access control command which applies a relatively smaller limitation to the access operation,

the moving step comprising:

(1) moving the data stored in the first storage device from the first storage device to the second storage device when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the first access control command, and

(2) moving the data stored in the first storage device from the first storage device to the second storage device after a preset predetermined time has elapsed, when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the second access control command.

19. (Currently amended) A control method for [[the]] a disk array apparatus including a host adapter for transferring data between a host system and the disk array apparatus, a cache memory for storing data written from the host adapter, a storage device adapter for executing control to write data to

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

the cache memory or to read data from the cache memory, a control memory to which control information is to be written by the host adapter and the storage device adapter, a first storage device and a second storage device to which data are to be written on the basis of control by the storage device adapter and which have different attributes, respectively, the host adapter creating a plurality of logical devices on the basis of storage areas of the first and second storage devices and executing control to cause the plurality of logical devices to be objects to be accessed from the host system, the control method comprising:

a reception decision step of determining whether an access control command indicative of an access operation to a first logical device included in the plurality of logical devices has been received from the host system;

a moving step of, when the access operation to data associated with the first logical device is limited by the access control command, moving the data from the first storage device to the second storage device; and

a restoring step of restoring the data moved to the second storage device to the first storage device when limitation of the access operation is released by the access control command according to claim 16,

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

wherein the access control command includes a first access control command which applies a relatively larger limitation to the access operation and a second access control command which applies relatively smaller limitation to the access operation,

the second storage device including an upper-side second storage device and a lower-side second storage device,

the moving step comprises:

- (1) moving the data stored in the first storage device from the first storage device to the lower-side second storage device when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the first access control command, and
- (2) when the access operation relative to the data stored in the first storage device is limited by the second access control command, moving the data from the first storage device to the upper-side second storage device, and after a preset predetermined time has elapsed, moving the data from the upper-side second storage device back to the lower-side second storage device.

20. (Original) A control method for the disk array apparatus according to claim 16, wherein the access control command controls the access operation in units of logical

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

devices created on the basis of storage areas of the storage devices, each of the moving step and the restoring step moving data in units of the logical devices.

21. (New) A disk array apparatus comprising:
a disk controller having a host adapter for transferring data between a host system and the disk array apparatus, a cache memory, and a storage device adapter for executing control to write data to the cache memory or to read data from the cache memory, wherein the cache memory stores data written from the host adapter and control information to be written by the host adapter and the storage device adapter; and
a plurality of kinds of storage devices to which data are to be written under control of the storage device adapter;
wherein the host adapter has a first logical device of a first kind and a second logical device of a second kind, and executes control to cause the first and second logical devices to be objects to be accessed from the host system,
wherein the plural kinds of storage devices differ from each other in reliability,
wherein the first logical device includes storage areas of a first one of said plural kinds of storage devices, and the second logical device includes storage areas of a second

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

one of said plural kinds of storage devices that has a different reliability than that of said first one of said plural storage devices,

wherein the disk controller executes control to move data from the first logical device to the second logical device in response to the setting/changing of an access attribute of the first logical device according to an access control command, so as to move the data to storage areas of different reliability, and

wherein the access attribute set/changed for the first logical device is one of an enable attribute and a disable attribute by which the first logical device is respectively enabled or disabled for an access.

22. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 21, wherein the plurality of kinds of storage devices include a first storage device having a first attribute and a second storage device having a second attribute.

23. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 22, wherein the disk controller moves data stored in the first logical device to the second logical device when the attribute

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

of the first logical device is set/changed to the disable attribute by the access control command.

24. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 23, wherein the disk controller moves the data stored in the second logical device to the first logical device when the disable attribute of the first logical device is changed to the enable attribute by the access control command.

25. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 24, wherein when an access operation relative to the data stored in the first logical device is limited by an access control command setting/changing the attribute of the first logical device to the disable attribute, the disk controller moves the data to the second logical device after a preset time has elapsed.

26. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 24, wherein the access control command controls the access operation in units of logical devices created on the basis of storage areas of the plurality of kinds of storage devices, the disk controller moving data in units of the logical devices.

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

27. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 24, wherein the access control command includes at least one of a write inhibit command and a write and read inhibit command.

28. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 24, wherein the access control command includes a first access control command which applies a relatively larger limitation to the access operation and a second access control command which applies a relatively smaller limitation to the access operation,

wherein the disk controller:

- (1) moves the data stored in the first logical device to the second logical device when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the first access control command, and
- (2) moves the data stored in the first logical device to the second logical device after a preset predetermined time has elapsed, when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the second access control command, and

wherein the first access control command is a write and read inhibit command, while the second control command is a write inhibit command.

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

29. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 24, wherein the access control command includes a first access control command which applies a relatively larger limitation to the access operation and a second access control command which applies a relatively smaller limitation to the access operation,

wherein the second storage device includes an upper-side second storage device and a lower-side second storage device, wherein the disk controller:

(1) moves the data stored in the first logical device to the lower-side second storage device when the access operation relative to the data is limited by the first access control command, and

(2) when the access operation relative to the data stored in the first storage device is limited by the second access control command, moves the data to the upper-side second storage device, and after a preset predetermined time has elapsed, moves the data back to the lower-side second storage device, and

wherein the first access control command is a write and read inhibit command, while the second control command is a write inhibit command.

U.S. Serial No. 10/771,455

ASA-5055

30. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 24, wherein the first storage device is a storage device having a relatively higher performance, while the second storage device is a storage device having a relatively lower performance.

31. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 24, wherein the first storage device is an internal storage device existing inside the disk array apparatus, while the second storage device is an external storage device existing outside the disk array apparatus.

32. (currently amended) A disk array apparatus according to claim 29, wherein the first storage device is a storage device having a relatively higher performance, the upper-side second storage device is a storage device having a relatively medium performance, and the lower-side second storage device is a storage device having a relatively lower performance.

33. (New) A disk array apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the first access control command is a write and read inhibit command, while the second control command is a write inhibit command.